## Claims

A method for calibrating a well-logging sensor, comprising: [c1] emitting a first signal into a first calibration substance disposed proximate to the sensor: measuring a first sensor response from the first signal; emitting a second signal into a second calibration substance disposed proximate to the sensor; measuring a second sensor response from the second signal; and determining a sensor response function from the first sensor response and the second sensor response. The method of claim 1, wherein the sensor response function is a linear [c2] function. [c3] The method of claim 1, wherein the well-logging sensor is a density sensor. [c4] The method of claim 3, wherein one of the first calibration substance and the second calibration substance is an aluminum alloy. [c5]The method of claim 3, wherein one of the first calibration substance and the second calibration substance is a magnesium alloy. [c6] The method of claim 1, wherein the well-logging sensor is a neutron sensor. [c7] The method of claim 6, wherein the neutron sensor is surrounded by water and the first and second calibration substances are disposed in a channel within the neutron sensor. [c8] The method of claim 7, wherein one of the first calibration substance and the second calibration substance is air. [c9] The method of claim 7, wherein one of the first calibration substance and the second calibration substance is a polymer rod having a known effective porosity. [c10] The method of claim 1, further comprising: determining an expected range for a quality check response of a quality-check

substance:

emitting a quality check signal into the quality-check substance disposed proximate to the sensor;

measuring the quality check response from the quality check signal and comparing the expected range with the quality check response.

- [c11] The method of claim 10, wherein the quality-check substance is water.
- [c12] A method for calibrating a well-logging sensor, comprising:

  emitting a first signal into a first calibration substance disposed proximate to the sensor;

measuring a first sensor response from the first signal; emitting a second signal into a second calibration substance disposed proximate to the sensor;

measuring a second sensor response from the second signal; and emitting a third signal into a third calibration substance disposed proximate to the sensor;

measuring a third sensor response from the third signal; and determining a sensor response function from the first sensor response, the second sensor response, and the third sensor response.

- [c13] A method for calibrating a well-logging sensor, comprising:

  providing a well-logging sensor having a known response function;

  determining an expected range of a quality check response of the sensor using
  a quality-check substance with known properties;

  emitting a quality check signal into the quality-check substance disposed
  proximate to the sensor;

  measuring the quality check response from the quality check signal; and
  comparing the expected range with the quality check response.
- [c14] The method of claim 13, wherein the sensor is calibrated using at least one calibration substance, and the quality-check substance is different from the at least one calibration substance.
- [c15] The method of claim 14, wherein the quality-check substance is water.

[c16] A method for calibrating a well-logging density sensor, comprising:

emitting a first gamma ray signal into an aluminum alloy block disposed
proximate to the sensor;

measuring a first density sensor response from the first gamma ray signal;

emitting a second gamma ray signal into a magnesium alloy block disposed
proximate to the sensor;

measuring a second density sensor response from the second gamma ray

signal; and

determining a density sensor response function from the first density sensor
response and the second density sensor response.

[c17] The method of claim 16, wherein the density sensor response function is linear.

[c18] The method of claim 16, further comprising:

determining an expected range for a quality check response using water as a
quality-check substance from the density response function;
emitting a quality check gamma ray signal into the water disposed proximate to
the density sensor;
measuring the quality check response from the quality check gamma ray signal;
and
comparing the expected range of the quality check response with the quality
check response.

[c19]

A method for calibrating a well-logging density sensor, comprising:
emitting a first gamma ray signal into an aluminum alloy block disposed
proximate to the sensor;
measuring a first density sensor response from the first gamma ray signal;
emitting a second gamma ray signal into a magnesium alloy block disposed
proximate to the sensor;
measuring a second density sensor response from the second gamma ray
signal;

emitting a third gamma ray signal into water disposed proximate to the sensor; measuring a third density sensor response from the third gamma ray signal; and

determining a density sensor response function from the first density sensor response, the second density sensor response, and the third density sensor response.

- [c20] A method for calibrating a well-logging neutron sensor, comprising:

  emitting a first neutron signal with air disposed in a channel within the sensor;

  measuring a first neutron sensor response from the first neutron signal;

  emitting a second neutron signal with a polymer rod disposed in the sensor channel;

  measuring a second neutron sensor response based on the second neutron signal; and

  determining a neutron sensor response function from the first neutron sensor response and the second neutron sensor response.
- [c21] The method of claim 20, wherein the neutron sensor response function is linear.
- [c22] The method of claim 20, further comprising:

  determining an expected range for a quality check response from the neutron sensor response function;

  emitting a quality check neutron signal with water in the sensor channel;

  measuring the quality check response from the quality-check signal; and comparing the expected range of the quality check response with the quality check response.
- A method for calibrating a well-logging neutron sensor, comprising:

  emitting a first neutron signal with air disposed in a channel within the sensor;

  measuring a first neutron sensor response from the first neutron signal;

  emitting a second neutron signal with a polymer rod disposed in the sensor channel;

  measuring a second neutron sensor response based on the second neutron signal; and

  emitting a third neutron signal with water disposed in the sensor channel;

  measuring a third neutron sensor response based on the third neutron signal;

  and

  determining a neutron sensor response function from the first neutron sensor

response and the third neutron sensor response.

[c24] A method of calibrating a well-logging sensor, comprising:
emitting a signal into each of at least two calibration substances disposed
proximate to the sensor;
measuring at least two sensor responses corresponding to the signals emitted
into said disposed calibration substances; and
determining a sensor response function from the at least two sensor responses.